**Health System Structures in Relation to T&CM**

| WHO Health System | **Country** | **Existing Measure to guarantee quality service** |
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| **TOLERANT Health System** | Brunei | * Traditional and Complementary Medicine **Policy and Guideline on Practice**
* Guidelines on **Infection Control** related to Traditional and Complementary Medicine Practices
* Guidelines for **Registration** of Traditional and Complementary Practitioners in Brunei Darussalam
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| **INCLUSIVE Health System** (Philippines, and other Southeast Asian countries) | Cambodia | PolicyTraining programRegulation on the registration |
|  | Indonesia | Have some practice guideline of traditional health services such as * Traditional Practice Guideline on Indonesia Massage
* Practice Guideline of Acupressure for Workers
* Practice Guideline of Acupressure for Elderly,
* Self Care Traditional Health for Community,
* Baby Massage Practice Guideline, and
* Practice Guideline : Being Healthy With Acupressure During Hajj.
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|  | Laos PDR | No GL but have regulations on TM practitioners |
|  | Malaysia | T&CM unit in public hospitalsNational PolicyPractice Guidelines (modalities) |
|  | Philippines | LawCertify practitionersAccredit facilitiesAccredit ModalitiesCompetency standard of Acupuncturist /Non2 hospital integrated |
| **INTEGRATIVE Health System** (China, Korea and Vietnam)  | Myanmar | TM Council Law, TM Drug LawCertificate for TM practitioners, & Drug licensePractice Guidelines for commonly encountered diseases (with recommended treatments and medications)  |
|  | Thailand | LawPractice GuidelineEtc.. |
|  | Vietnam | * Practice Guideline on Acupuncture
* Treatment of Dengue hemorrhagic fever with TM
* Paintings and information of 70 medicinal plants used in TM facilities
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| **PARALLEL Health System** (India) |  |  |